YEAR 3 — LONG-TERM OVERVIEW

| | Торіс | In this unit of work, students learn | Resources to support planning |
|--------|--|--|---|
| | Belonging to a community | the reasons for rules and laws in wider society | |
| | The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities | the importance of abiding by the law and what might happen if rules and laws are broken | |
| | | what human rights are and how they protect people | |
| | PoS Refs: L1, L2, L3 | • to identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children | |
| | | about how they have rights and also responsibilities | |
| | | that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn | |
| | Physical health and Mental wellbeing | about the choices that people make in daily life that could affect their health | PSHE Association – Mental |
| Autumn | Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings | to identify healthy and unhealthy choices (e.g. in relation to food, exercise, sleep) | <u>health and</u> wellbeing lessons (KS2 - Y3/4) |
| | | what can help people to make healthy choices and what might negatively influence them | 1 decision Keeping/staying |
| | PoS Refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H6, H7, H17, H18, H19 | about habits and that sometimes they can be maintained, changed or stopped | healthy £ 1 decision Feelings & emotions £ |
| | | the positive and negative effects of habits, such as regular exercise or eating too much sugar, on a healthy lifestyle | |
| | | what is meant by a healthy, balanced diet including what foods should be eaten regularly or just occasionally | |
| | | that regular exercise such as walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health | |
| | | about the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively | |
| | | strategies to identify and talk about their feelings | |
| | | about some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language | |
| | | to recognise how feelings can change overtime and become more or less powerful | |
| | Respecting ourselves and others | • to recognise respectful behaviours e.g. helping or including others, being | Premier League Primary |
| | Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of | responsible how to model respectful behaviour in different situations e.g. at home, at | Stars-KS2 |
| | self-respect; courtesy and being polite | school, online | Behaviour/relationships Do |
| | PoS Refs: R30, R31 | the importance of self-respect and their right to be treated respectfully by others | the right thing |
| | | what it means to treat others, and be treated, politely | Alzheimer's Society -Creating a |

| | the ways in which people show respect and courtesy in different cultures and in wider society | dementia-friendly generation (KS2) |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |

| | Keeping safe | how to identify typical hazards at home and in school | PSHE Association and |
|---------|---|---|--|
| | Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places | how to predict, assess and manage risk in everyday situations e.g. crossing the road, running in the playground, in the kitchen | GambleAware KS2 Lesson 1 Exploring risk |
| | | about fire safety at home including the need for smoke alarms | |
| | PoS Refs: H38, H39, H41 | • the importance of following safety rules from parents and other adults | 1 decision Keeping/staying |
| | | how to help keep themselves safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places, including road, rail, water and firework safety | <u>safe £</u> |
| | Media literacy and Digital resilience | how the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work | Google and Parent zone |
| | How the internet is used; assessing information | to recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens | <u>Be Internet</u> <u>Legends</u> |
| | online | strategies to recognise whether something they see online is true or accurate | |
| | PoS Refs: L11, L12 | to evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group | |
| in 0 | | to make safe, reliable choices from search results | |
| Spring | | how to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images | |
| | | or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication | |
| | Money and Work Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals | about jobs that people may have from different sectors e.g. teachers, business people, charity work | |
| | | that people can have more than one job at once or over their lifetime | |
| | | about common myths and gender stereotypes related to work | |
| | PoS Refs: L25, L26, L27, L30 | to challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM | |
| | | about some of the skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision- making | |
| | | to recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs | |
| | | how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby | |

| | Families and friendships | • to recognise and respect that there are different types of families, | Coram Life Education – The |
|---|--|--|--|
| | What makes a family; features of family life | including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents | Adoptables' Schools Toolkit |
| | PoS Refs: R1, R6, R7, R8, R9 | that being part of a family provides support, stability and love about the positive aspects of being part of a family, such as spending time together and caring for each other | |
| | | about the different ways that people can care for each other e.g. giving encouragement or support in times of difficulty | |
| | | to identify if/when something in a family might make someone upset or worried | |
| Projec | | what to do and whom to tell if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or | |
| ter | | • unsafe | |
| er Wir | Safe relationshipsPersonal boundaries; safely responding to others; the impact of hurtful behaviourPoS Refs: R19, R22, R24, R30 | What is appropriate to share with friends, classmates, family and wider social groups including online | NSPCC Share Aware |
| L L L | | about what privacy and personal boundaries are, including online | |
| Summer with Christopher Winter Project | | basic strategies to help keep themselves safe online e.g. passwords, using trusted sites and adult supervision | |
| SC | | that bullying and hurtful behaviour is unacceptable in any situation | |
| | | about the effects and consequences of bullying for the people involved | |
| eferen | | about bullying online, and the similarities and differences to face-to-face bullying | |
| Cross reference | | what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience bullying or hurtful behaviour | |
| | Growing and changing Personal strengths and achievements; managing and reframing setbacks PoS Refs: H27, H28, H29 | that everyone is an individual and has unique and valuable contributions to make | Premier League Primary Stars KS2 PSHE Self-esteem |
| | | to recognise how strengths and interests form part of a person's identity | |
| | | how to identify their own personal strengths and interests and what they're proud of (in school, out of school) | Premier League Primary Stars KS2 PSHE Inclusion |
| | | to recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues | |
| | | basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are good at, trying again | |